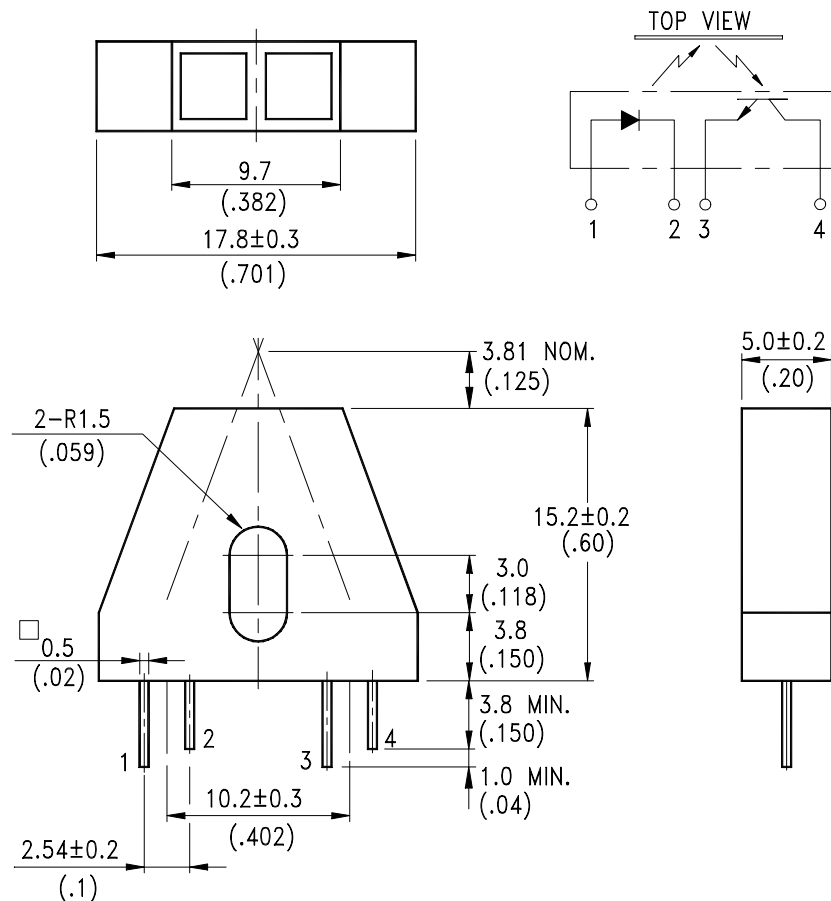


FEATURES

- * NON-CONTACT SWITCHING.
- * FOR DIRECT PC BOARD OR DUAL-IN-LINE SOCKET MOUNTING.
- * FAST SWITCHING SPEED.
- * REFLECTIVE OBJECT SENSOR.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ± 0.25 mm ($.010$ ") unless otherwise noted.
3. Specification are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT TA=25°C

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
IR Diode Continuous Forward Current	50	mA
IR Diode Reverse Voltage	5	V
Transistor Collector Current	20	mA
Transistor Power Dissipation	100	mW (Note 1)
IR Diode Peak Power Current (Pulse Wide = 10 μ S, 300 pps)	3	A
Diode Power Dissipation	75	mW (Note 1)
Phototransistor Collector-Emitter Voltage	30	V
Phototransistor Emitter-Collector Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-35°C to + 65°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to + 100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm(.063") From Case]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

Note 1: Derate Linearly 1.33 mW /°C from 25°C



ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT TA=25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
INPUT LED						
Forward Voltage	VF		1.2	1.6	V	IF = 20mA
Reverse Current	IR			100	μA	VR=5V
OUTPUT PHOTOTRANSISTOR						
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	V(BR)CEO	30			V	IC=1mA
Emitter-Collector Breakdown Voltage	V(BR)ECO	5			V	IE=0.1mA
Collector-Emitter Dark Current	ICEO			100	nA	VCE=10V
COUPLER						
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	VCE(SAT)			0.4	V	IC=0.08mA IF=20mA
On State Collector Current (Note 1)	Ic(ON)	0.16			mA	VCE=5V IF=20mA

Note 1: Reflective surface is Eastman Kodak (or Equivalent) neutral white paper with 90% diffused reflectance placed 3.81 mm (0.15 inch) from read head.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

Fig.1 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

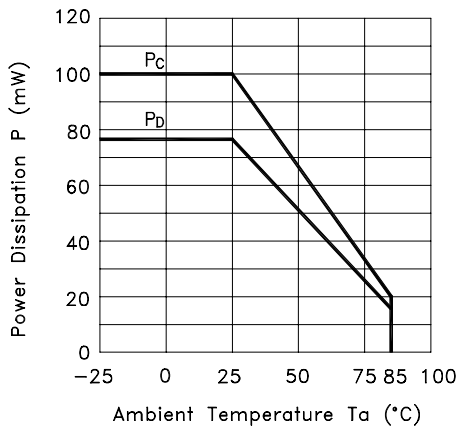


Fig.2 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

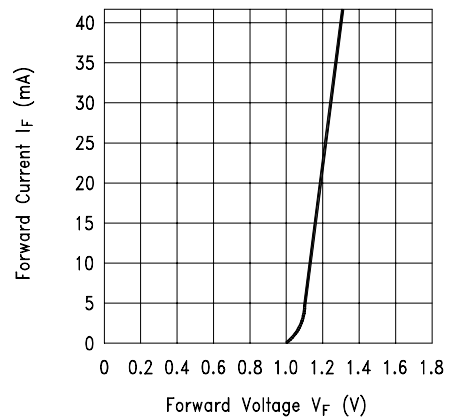


Fig.3 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

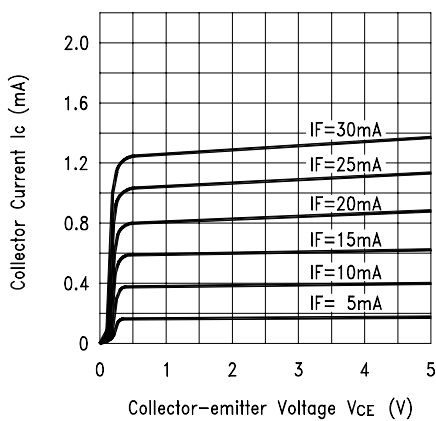
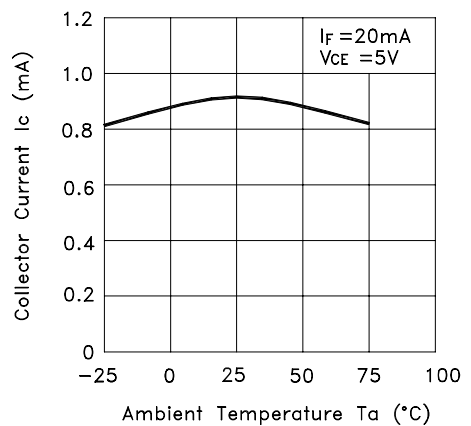


Fig.4 Collector Current vs. Ambient Temperature



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

Fig.5 Collector-emitter Saturation vs. Voltage Ambient Temperature

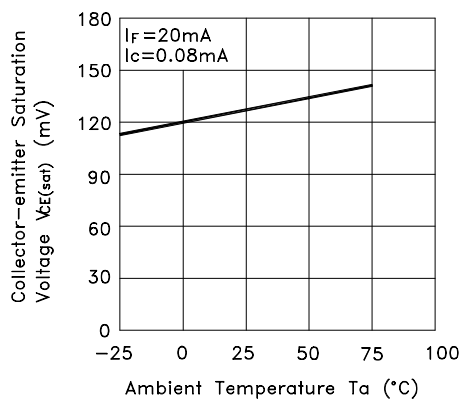


Fig.6 Relative Collector Current vs. Object Distance

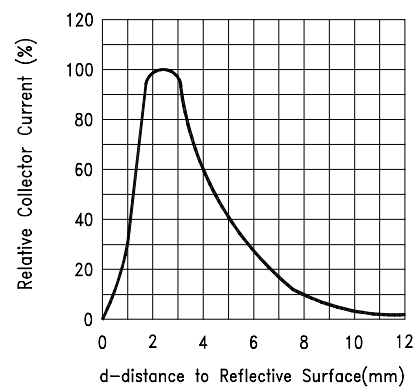
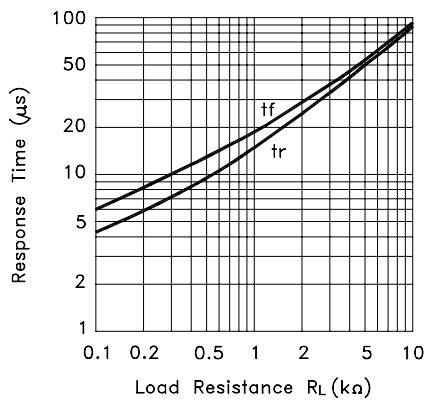


Fig.7 Response Time vs. Load Resistance



Test Circuit for Response Time

